



Regular Verbs -ed Endings

/t/

When the infinitive of the verb ends in a **voiceless sound**.

In other words, there is **no vibration** on your vocal cords.

Examples of voiceless consonantal sounds:

/f/: puffed /pʌft/
/k/: smoked /smɒkt/
/p/: stopped /stɒpt/
/ʃ/: washed /wɒʃt/
/tʃ/: watched wɒtʃt/
/s/: passed /pɑ:st/

/d/

When the infinitive of the verb ends in a **voiced sound**.

In this case, **there is always vibration** on our throat. **Vowel sounds** are considered as **voiced**. Also, below are example consonantal sounds:

/b/: stabbed /stæbd/
/ð/: sunbathed /`sʌnbæɪd/
/eɪ/: played /pleɪd/
/ɪ/: studied /'stʌdɪd/
/l/: called /kɔ:lɪd/
/m/: calmed /kɑ:mɪd/
/n/: cleaned /kli:nɪd/
/v/: arrived /ə'reɪvɪd/
/z/: squeezed /skwi:zɪd/

/ɪd/

When the infinitive of the verb either ends in '-t' or '-d'.

When we pronounce the past forms of these verbs, we need to add one more syllable /ɪd/.

Below are some examples:

/d/: added /ædɪd/
/t/: rented /rentɪd/
/d/: decided /dɪ'saɪdɪd/
/t/: invited /'ɪnvartɪd/